Walkers

- Take care along the trail; cycles are very quiet and you may not hear them coming.
- Please keep dogs under control and clear up all dog mess.
- Please keep the Alban Way tidy, take your litter home.
- Please do not pick the wildflowers.
- Do not wander onto adjacent private land.

Cyclists

- · Please be considerate to other users and allow plenty of room when passing.
- Fit a bell to warn others, considerately, of your approach; don't assume pedestrians can hear
 or see you.
- Take special care when approaching all junctions.
- · Make sure your bike is in good order.

Alban Way is a six-and-a-half mile shared walking and cycling route between Hatfield and St Albans Abbey stations. It was created from the former Hatfield & St Albans Railway (1865 to 1968).

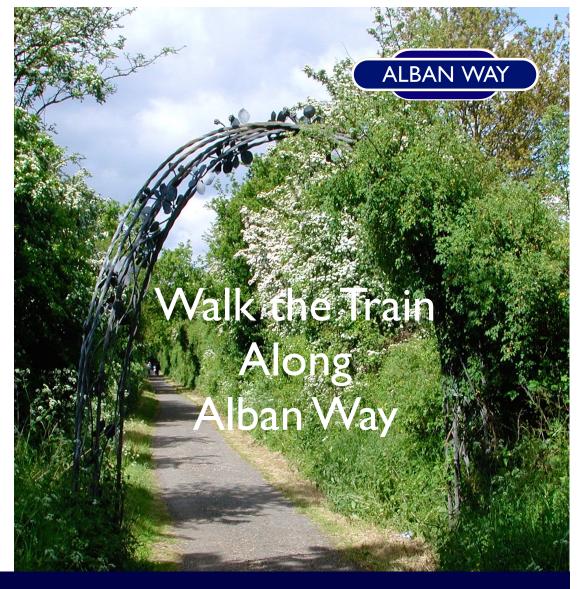
Walkers, joggers and cyclists are asked to be aware of others' presence and use the width of the path responsibly, especially if in a group. Please observe the guidelines above.

Alban Way has regular connections with intersecting roads. Frequent bus services operate along Hatfield Road and Holywell Hill so that returning to your starting point by bus is easy (but admittedly less so on Sundays and evenings). Nearby parking can be found at several points along the route, although in the vicinity of the University you will find the Galleria (chargeable) and Station Road, Smallford good alternatives.

There are no toilets at any point along Alban Way. However, the following retail centres close to the route will welcome your custom, all of which have food and drink services, and toilet facilities: Galleria, Notcutts, Three Horseshoes, Dunelm, Morrison's, Verdi's (a short walk to the Crown junction), and Sainsbury's and McDonalds in Griffiths Way.

PLEASE NOTE: Network Rail may close the foot crossing near Cottonmill Lane bridge, in which case please use an alternative route to Abbey Station via Cottonmill Lane, Prospect Road and Holywell Hill.

FRONT COVER: The Blackberry Arch sculpture (section 2) by Diane Maclean.



Your very own guide to the former railway route between Hatfield and St Albans, its landscapes and buildings

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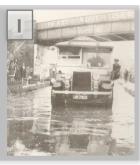
Smallford Station and Alban Way Heritage Society spent it early years within Smallford Residents' Association, It attracted funding to undertake a project to understand and investigate the history of the former railway, and the people who lived and worked in the communities near the line. After celebrating the line's 150th anniversary, the group, under its new name, has developed wider ambitions.



I Hatfield Station to Cavendish Way

Over to the right, beyond the houses, are the huge structures of the Galleria Shopping Centre. Ahead, the original Cavendish Way rail bridge was only constructed in 1957, after passenger trains had ceased, as part of the Hatfield New Town road network.

There is no evidence today of a bridge across St Albans Road West, and little of the embankment. There is even construction across the track bed, hence the short diversion. This road used to continue to meet Comet Way behind the bus - The Galleria now blocks that. From Smallford, the road curved its way towards Hatfield Town Centre and The Ryde as St Albans Road West, and then St Albans Road East. It was a very busy main road.





The last station to open, in 1942, was Lemford Road Halt, as demonstrated by the concrete sections which were typical of the time. It was intended specifically for the employees of de Havilland Aircraft Company, which was along Comet Way. Over 3,000 DH98 Mosquitos were built here, and hundreds of others of varied types.



View of the steps leading to the platform at Lemsford Road, taken from the bridge deck. Only the bridge abutment, the steps and platform now remain.

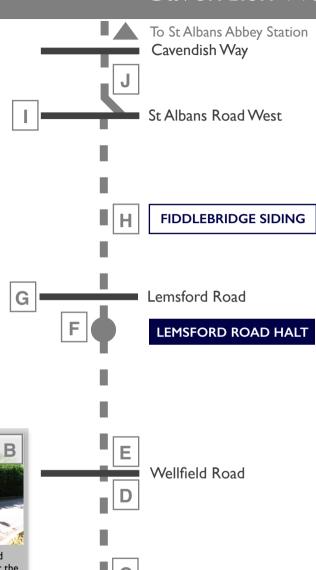


A 1953 view of Hatfield Station. where St Albans passengers had their own platform, now used for other trains. To

reach the branch from the station, walk north along Great North Road, and cross the footbridge. Join the signposted route almost ahead.



The footbridge replaced a road this view you look downhill along the now-truncated Great North Road towards Tesco, which many locals still remember as lack Road.



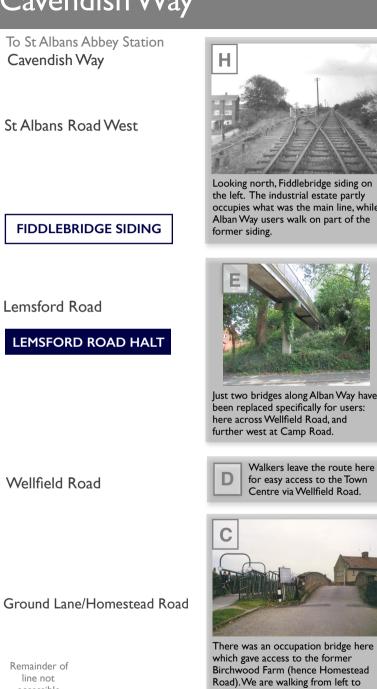
Remainder of

line not

accessible

HATFIELD STATION

bridge (Wrestlers, named after the nearby public house) in 1966 when that collapsed. It had carried Great North Road traffic over the Great Northern Main Line. To the left of Olding's Corner. The through road is now diverted via A1000 Hertford



here across Wellfield Road, and further west at Camp Road.



There was an occupation bridge here which gave access to the former Birchwood Farm (hence Homestead Road). We are walking from left to right under the former bridge. The house in the photo can be seen on your left, on the south side of Ground



ST ALBANS

Fleetville

HILL END

Butterwick

0

Looking north, Fiddlebridge siding on the left. The industrial estate partly occupies what was the main line, while Alban Way users walk on part of the



Just two bridges along Alban Way have been replaced specifically for users:



FORMER STATION OR HALT SMALLFORD Blackberry Arch NAST HYDE Cavendish Way St Albans Road W LEMSFORD ROAD Wrestlers Bridge **HATFIELD**

2 Cavendish Way to Smallford Station

To the left along Smallford Road is the community of Sleapshyde. Old Sleapshyde is centred around a tiny green, its chapel (above) and farm. The newer houses are nearer Smallford Lane and the bypass (A414).



Just before reaching the Station Road bridge at Smallford, a row of former agricultural workers houses can be seen on the right, lining Wilkins Green Lane. A shortage of habitable dwellings for farm workers ensured these were built in the early 20th century.

To St Albans Abbey Station **SMALLFORD STATION** Station Road

Across the field to the right is a large house known as Great Nast Hyde, followed westwards by the tiny Wilkins Green hamlet. Here was one of three forges (one of which is pictured). A separate walk along Wilkins Green Lane will also reveal Little Nast Hyde Farm and Wilkins Green Farm.



Further information on Section 3.

A gated crossing was needed here as Ellenbrook Lane was a through road to Roe Hyde. A crossing gate keeper was employed; and he lived in the house which still stands beside the line.

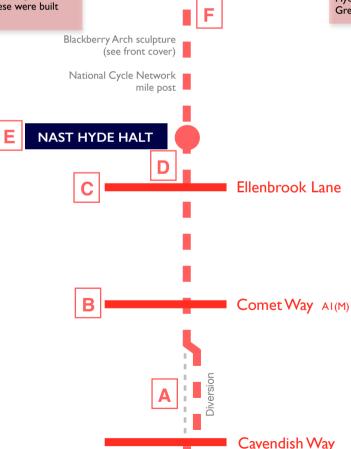


The Ellenbrook Stream rises a short distance northwards, and passes under the railway en-route to the River Colne. It flows beside Ellenbrook Lane. The Lane connected directly with College Lane and the Technical College, now the University, before the AI(M) was constructed.





When a relief road, jointly the Al and Barnet Bypass (A414), was constructed in 1927, a bridge was necessary to carry what was then a three-lane road over the single track railway. The road links the Comet roundabout and the Roe Green Interchange.



To Hatfield Station



Nast Hyde Halt was opened in 1910, for the benefit of a new housing estate at Nast Hyde and Ellenbrook, which was not fully realised. The houses built lining the north side of Hatfield Road were eventually demolished for aerodrome development, and few of the others remain.



The construction of the Hatfield Tunnel approach lanes required acquisition of the former railway trackbed; hence the diversion on this part of Alban Way.

Further information on Cavendish Way in I, Section 1



ST ALBANS

Cottonmill Lane

3 Smallford Station to Hill End Station

lust before reaching Colney Heath Lane bridge, which enables traffic to climb over the former railway. homes now line the once-rural lane to the south. Opposite them are schools and playing fields.





Once all of the useful gravel had been removed. most of the pits were filled. Unfortunately. there are serious question marks about the quality of the fill, making future development uncertain. Some areas were turned into angling lakes, as here.



The wooded and isolated part of Butterwick Farm to the north of the railway became a home for factories after WW2. Part is now retail, and there are also church groups.

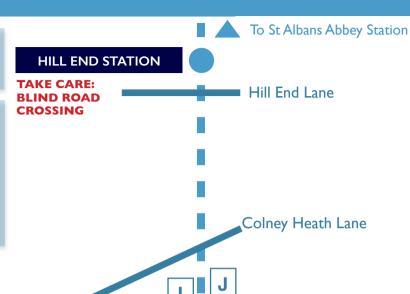


(see D) flows towards Smallford Farm at the lower end of Colney Heath Lane, the original site of the hamlet.

The stream



Beyond the immediate landscape was Butterwick Farm homestead, which was demolished post-WW2 when the land was worked for its gravel.





Other than at the termini, this station was the first to open, and initially named Springfield, though later changed to Smallford. This picture shows the front of the building and entrance. Beyond the picket fence was the yard for coal and other goods. Beyond that was a siding from the main line. Tickets survive for a wide range of destinations starting from Smallford. The Station has also appeared in both amateur and professional movies. It closed in . 1951 when passenger services ceased.











Many market gardening firms moved to Smallford from the Lower Lea Valley, the largest being | Nielsen. Today Glinwell plc grows salad crops here and at several other locations.

METRES ON THE LEFT METROS A LA IZQUIERDA



SMALLFORD STATION

Station Road To Hatfield Station



There was thick woodland here (hence the name Firwood Avenue). Along the lane near Hatfeld Road stood a small turnpike toll house where payments were made until 1881 to give access to the turnpiked Hatfield Road for cart owners and animal drovers.



At Butterwick Siding a pair of tracks left the main line to serve a meat store and a banana ripening store, near to today's modern Alban Point complex.

A stream which gave Smallford its name flows from north of Hatfield Road towards the River Colne near Colney Heath. Here it flows through a former sports field of Ballito Hosiery Mills.











HATFIELD

4 Hill End Station to Fleetville Siding



At the corner of Hatfield Road and Sutton Road is the Rats' Castle pub. It was built on the site of an earlier and derelict turnpike road toll house, where the roof had become infested with rats. The field was known locally as Rats' Castle Field.



For information see Section 5



Alfred Nicholson brought his coat business from Manchester in 1901, purchasing a large block of land bordering the railway, for sidings and factories. The factories never came, and even Nicholson's has now gone. Further back is the Camp estate, built in two of the former Beaumonts Farm fields.

The industrial estate was developed on a former brick making company called Owen's. Its products were used in the construction of many of this area's

homes between 1900 and WW2. A siding connected with the main running line, but is now almost impossible to identify.



he Garden of Rest is the former cemetery for the hospital, located outside of the grounds – the road forming the boundary. Although

only a few gravestones exist, there were many hundreds of burials here. Further information is available on the interpretation panels in the Garden.



Hospital, was opened on part of Hill End Farm in 1899. During the next 80 years it looked after and treated thousands of people having a range of mental conditions. During WW2 it became home to Barts Teaching Hospital from the City of London. Most of the buildings no longer exist, having been replaced by Highfield residential district, but two ward blocks (one pictured) and the chapel, now a performance venue, remain in active use.





Ashley Road

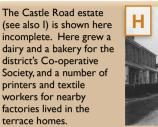
was a small brick works. Shortly before WW2 Marconi Instruments Ltd arrived here. The firm later had other premises nearby. It opened at an appropriate time to take advantage of technological innovations; the company is now part of a group based in Colchester.



Longacres open space was, for two decades, the home of dahlia growing by Ernie Cooper (pictured), whose home was also nearby. The popular lescott varieties, named after his wife lessie, were bred here. He also grew dahlias at Smallford Farm, before moving to the south coast.



The Hill End Mental Asylum, later



Ashley Road is part of an ancient trackway which linked other routes and manors across south Herts, and maybe further afield.

terrace homes.

To St Albans Abbey Station



Most of the land on each side of the tracks in sections 4 and 5 was part of Beaumonts Farm, a former manor, for which records existed from the 14th century. It was owned by the Kinder family. The last part of the farm was sold in 1929.



On the land opposite Hill End Station,



Hill End Station, opened in 1899, looking towards Hatfield, with sidings behind. From here a track led directly into the hospital grounds behind, for deliveries of coal. Today only the platform is left; new homes have been built on the old sidings.





TAKE CARE: I **BLIND ROAD CROSSING**



Hill End Lane formerly Station Road To Hatfield Station

ST ALBANS



SALVATION ARMY

0

Fleetville

HILL END

Butterwick

SMALLFORD

Blackberry Arch

NAST HYDE

Cavendish Way

St Albans Road W

LEMSFORD ROAD

Wrestlers Bridge

HATFIELD

5 Fleetville Siding to Salvation Army Halt

Camp Road



The original deck bridge, which included a pedestrian route from Salvation Army Halt to Sander's, was demolished soon after railway closure. It was replaced by the current blue structure when Alban Way opened. Hatfield is to the right; St Albans to the left.



To St Albans Abbey Station

SALVATION ARMY HALT

SANDER'S SIDING



Rehind the platform was a short siding for Sander's. The platform was shared by employees of, and visitors to. Sander's and the Salvation Army Printing Works. The photo faces Hatfield.

1930s housing estate, and formerly Fleetville's first recreation ground. It was also part of Oakley's dairy farm. A stream once flowed along here to join the

River Ver.



Sander's Orchid Nurseries were internationally renowned for the quality of rare and exotic plants. The site was often visited by European Royalty. Its platform was originally at H, but was later moved to I (see picture). Much of the orchid collection was taken over by Eric Young Orchid Foundation of lersey.



Nearest to Alban Way at Hatfield Road Cemetery is the green burial area, rich with wild flowers in early summer. Between C and D is Fleetville Junior School. The building opened as a secondary school in 1931, and has had five names during its history.

First a major printing works, which gave Fleetville its name, and then the optical firm of Thomas Grubb. In 1927 Ballito hosiery mill moved in. It was rebuilt for retail in the late 1970s and is now a supermarket owned by Wm Morrison.





The right track is a siding for the Salvation Army print works (far right), now replaced by small modern warehouses. The photo is taken from the first, short, platform built for Sander's Orchid Nurseries, whose site is now a junior school. The replacement platform (I) is now in poor condition.



Between the new warehouses can be seen the main building of the former 1908 electricity works. thought to be the first in the country to make energy from recycled rubbish.





The deck of the bridge was removed in

1967, and the road levelled. The gates

(right) are now part of Coach Mews.

Fleetville Siding opened into Sutton Road. It is now Coach Mews. The siding was built to serve the nearby factories,

many of which did not materialise. Local coal merchants used the yard to load their deliveries for homes in the district, when almost everyone required coal for heating.

Sutton Road

FLEETVILLE SIDING



To Hatfield Station



OSt Albans Road W

LEMSFORD ROAD

Wrestlers Bridge

HATFIELD

0

ST ALBANS

River Ver

Cottonmill Lane

LONDON ROAD

6 Salvation Army Halt to London Road Station



London Road Station was originally built as the opposite terminus station to Hatfield, but the line was quickly extended to what is now known as Abbey Station, to give connections with Watford and Euston. The houses in Orient Close are built on former sidings. A low wall opposite the station (lower left) was the edge of a second platform built in anticipation of traffic.



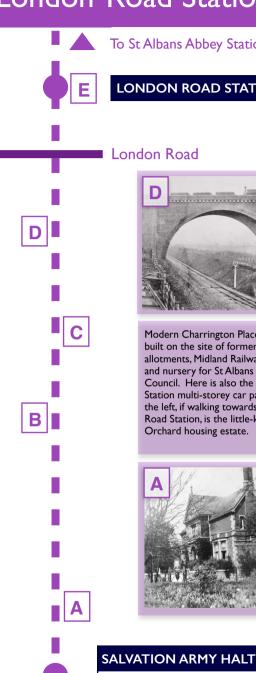
Left: London Road Station after closure, from the road bridge.

Below: a later and busier station scene than above from the second platform. Notice that, as with the others, this station too was confusingly called ST ALBANS. This was the only part of the route with two tracks. Orient Close has been constructed partly on the former station access road. COURTESY R C CRAWLEY.





It may be presumed that the end of Flora Grove (pictured), which lines up with a spur off Dellfield, was intended to be linked. Unfortunately, the route is in a cutting here, and no official connection was made. However, it did become an unofficial crossing point for the nimble!



To St Albans Abbey Station LONDON ROAD STATION

London Road



The lofty and well-built arches support the tracks of the Midland Railway. Originally a two-track railway, the join to the laterconstructed additional tracks can be clearly seen. Photo shows the earlier structure with branch line beneath. COURTESY ST ALBANS' MUSEUMS.

Modern Charrington Place has been built on the site of former allotments, Midland Railway sidings and nursery for St Albans City Council. Here is also the City Station multi-storey car park. On the left, if walking towards London Road Station, is the little-known Orchard housing estate.



SANDER'S SIDING

To Hatfield Station

Friederick Sander had his home. Orchid House, on one side of Camp Road, and his garden (foreground) on the other; the two sites are now Ss Alban & Stephen Junior School and Infants' Schools. The footpath which crosses the route follows the line of Camp Road before it was altered to its present position to give sufficient headroom under the line.

For information see section 5.

Cottonmill Lane River Ver LONDON ROAD SALVATION ARMY Fleetville 0 HILL END Butterwick SMALLFORD Blackberry Arch NAST HYDE Cavendish Way St Albans Road W LEMSFORD ROAD Wrestlers Bridge

HATFIELD

ST ALBANS

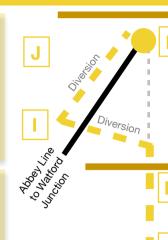
7 London Road Station to St Albans Abbey Station



The station, next to Sainsbury's, was built for the line to Watford, which opened in 1858. Trains from Hatfield joined the station using the platform on the right. None of the original station buildings now survives.



Where the stores are today was the site of the St Albans Gas Works until the 1960s, using coal brought by the adjacent rail lines. However, it was not an attractive site, which occupied the full length of the present Griffiths Way.



Holywell Hill

ST ALBANS ABBEY STATION

Remainder of line not accessible





ST ALBANS

River Ver

Fleetville

Cottonmill Lane

LONDON ROAD

SALVATION ARMY

LEMSFORD ROAD

Wrestlers Bridge

HATFIELD

0

The original narrow arched road bridge of Cottonmill Lane was replaced shortly before the end of passenger services. Notice the change of brickwork on the abutments, to accommodate a wider roadway.



The houses of Mentmore Road. Nunnery Close, Sadlier Close and Boleyn Drive.

Behind the allotments is the site of medieval Sopwell Nunnery, founded in 1140. It is now a public open space, and often referred to as Sopwell Ruins, Within its walls is a remnant of a house (Lee Hall) built by land owner Sir Richard Lee. He was appointed Surveyor of the King's Works in 1544.





The crossing follows the track of the former mill from Cottonmill Lane.

WARNING: LOOK BOTH **WAYS FOR** TRAINS!



Among the trees on the far side of the recreation ground is the former homestead of Sopwell Mill Farm.



A major structure was required to bridge over the River Ver. Much of this section is in the Ver valley and a public path follows the route of this wonderful little chalk stream below us.



To the east of London Road Station, behind the new homes, is a very long building of over 400 feet. It was home to the Vickers Experimental Wave Tank from 1911, where models of sea-going ships were tested for reslience in a wide range of simulated weather conditions.



River Ver

LONDON ROAD STATION

To Hatfield Station

On both sides of the railway were watercress beds, which were very important for the nutrition of the town's people. The pools and lakes are now the Watercress Wildlife Association grounds (on the right) and the angling grounds of Verulam Angling Club. The former is open to the public, but Verulam Angling Club is private.



For London Road Station



information see Section 6.

